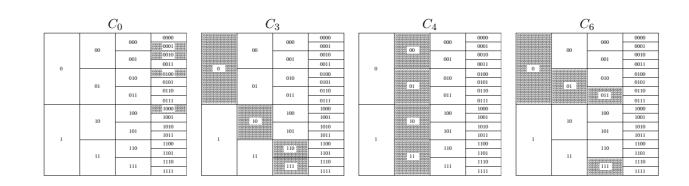
	1		1						
		000	0000						
	00	000	0001	L L					
	00	001	0010	a c					
0		001	0011	pn					
0		010	0100	p q	Figure F 1. The same hal as ding				
	01	010	0101) pde	Figure 5.1. The symbol coding budget. The 'cost' 2^{-l} of each				
	01	011	0110	č	codeword (with length l) is				
			0111		indicated by the size of the box is written in. The total budgetavailable when making a uniqueldecodeable code is 1.You can think of this diagram as				
		100	1000	ml					
	10	100	1001	sy					
		101	1010	tal	showing a codeword supermarket,				
1		101	1011	tol	with the codewords arranged in aisles by their length, and the cost				
		110	1100	The total symbol code budget	of each codeword indicated by the				
	11	110	1101	[-]	size of its box on the shelf. If the cost of the codewords that you				
		111	1110		take exceeds the budget then your				
		111	1111		code will not be uniquely decodeable.				

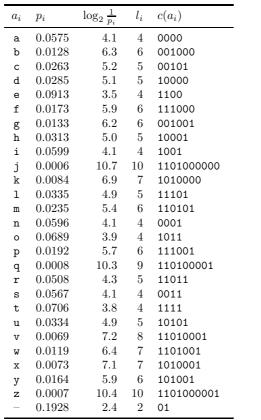
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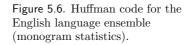
-	a_i	$c(a_i)$	l_i			C_3 :						~			C_6 :					
		1000	4	$\begin{array}{c c} 4 & a_i \\ 4 & a \\ 4 & b \\ 4 & c \\ \end{array}$	a_i	$c(a_i)$	p_i	$h(p_i)$	l_i	b c		-	C_5	a_i	$c(a_i)$	p_i	$h(p_i)$	l_i		
C_0 :	b	0100	4		b c	0 10 110 111	1/2 1/4 1/8 1/8	2.0 3.0	1 2 3 3		00 01 10 11	0 1 00 11	b	011	$\frac{1/2}{1/4}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{1}{8}$	1.0 2.0 3.0 3.0	1 2 3 3			
													X			10	0.0			



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ure 5.6. This code has an expected length of 4.15 bits; the entropy of the ensemble is 4.11 bits. Observe the disparities between the assigned codelengths and the ideal codelengths $\log_2 \frac{1}{p_i}$.

 $<_{z}^{j}$

а

n

S

 $<^{d}_{h}$

⁄ b

`g

 $<^{k}_{x}$

У

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1

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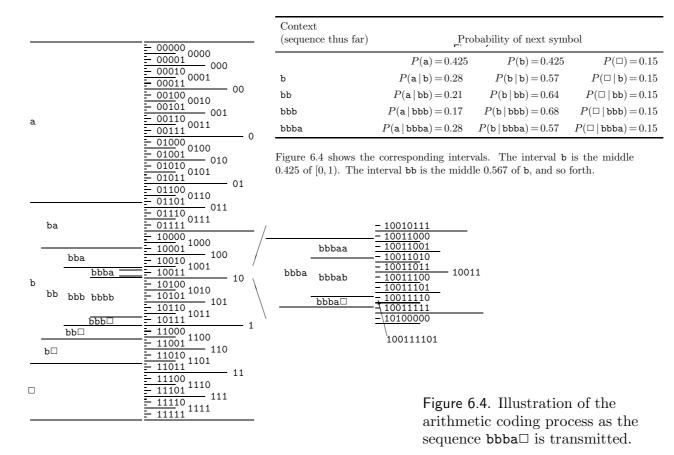
u

0

е

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